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熱発生調理機を利用した飲食品調理パツク

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1. 発明の名称

熱発生加理機を利用した飲食品調理パック

2.特許請求の範囲

(1) 上面に蒸気圧抜き孔が下面に無路抜き孔が夫 々形成された耐熱性の外袋と、

飲食品を収納し飲配外袋内に具えられた、無過 の通過を許容する耐熱性の飲食品収納袋と、

液体を収納して、前記飲食品収納袋の上に重ね られて前記外袋内に具えられた、耐無性の液体収 納袋とを有し.

前記外級が加熱されたとき、前記被体収納袋内 の前記液体が沸騰し、無器が前記飲食品収納級上 に流出することを特徴とする。

飲食品調理パック。

(2) 食品を収納し、上面に蒸気圧抜き孔が形成さ れた耐熱性の外貌と、

液体を収納して、前記外袋内に具えられた。 無性の液体収納袋とを有し、

前記外袋が加熱されたとき、前記波体収納袋内

の前記波体が沸騰し、前記波体が前記波体収納袋 外に流出することを特徴とする。

食品質理パック。

3.発明の詳細な説明

#### 産業上の利用分野

本発明は、コーヒー、紅茶、煮物、蒸し物等の 各種飲物、嗜好品、食品等(以下、単に「飲食品」 という。) モパックしておき、薫り、味、鮮皮等 を損なうことなく保存しておくとともに、電子レ ンジのような熱発生調理機によりその飲食品を簡 単に飲食できる状態にすることができる飲食品調 朗パックに関する。

#### 従来技術及びその課題

従来、調理の手間を省くため、いつでも簡単に 手に入り、且つ、容易に飲食できる状態にできる ものとして、各種の冷凍食品、加工食品、電子レ ンジ食品等が利用されている。

ところが、冷凍食品は、解凍に手間がかかると ともに、食品の味が越くなるという問題点を有し 又、加工食品は、既に味付けがしてあるため、 長期間経過すると味が低下してくるとともに、パ ッケージに費用がかかる。

電子レンジ食品は加熱しただけで食べられるものが多いが、品種が限られており、味付けも簡単なものに限られるという問題点を有している。

そして、茶、コーヒーのような加無を要する飲料は、一般に用意するのに手間がかかり、加無するだけで飲むことができる状態になるようなものは従来なかった。.

#### 課題を解決するための手段

本発明は、第1発明の、上面に蒸気圧抜き孔が不面に無偽抜き孔が夫々形成された対性の外外と、飲食品を軟材し前れ外投内に具えりが食品を取納して、前れ飲食品収納袋の上に変わられて、前れ外投内に具えられた、耐無性の液体を取納という。

を加えると被体収納袋内の液体が沸騰し、液体収納袋が膨れる。液体収納袋内の蒸気圧が或る一定の圧力になると、液体収納袋の無過が液れ出出袋内が蒸気圧になる。空に液体収納袋の上颌内面に押り上げられる。この結果、外袋に別に入れられている食品を煮たり、蒸したりすることが出来る。そして、蒸気圧は蒸気抜き孔から逃げ、外袋の過度の膨張、爆発は防止される。

#### 実 施 例

以下、本発明の実施例を図面に基づいて説明する。

飲食品パック10は、外袋11、水収納袋12、 飲食品収納袋13で構成されている。

外後11は、約120度の高温から、零下約4 0度までの低温に範囲において使用に耐えられる、 耐無、耐寒性に優れた2枚の合成樹脂素材を重ね、 周囲を無シールを施して接着して袋状に作られている。なお、低温にされされることがない場合は、 勿論耐寒性は必要としない。外袋11の上面20 ックと、節2児町の、食品を収納し、上面に蒸気 圧抜き孔が形成された耐無性の外袋と、被体を収 納して、前記外袋内に具えられた、耐無性の液体 収納袋とを有し、前記外袋が加無されたとき、前 記液体収納袋内の前記液体が沸騰し、前記液体収 納袋外に汲出することを特徴とする、食品調理パ ックとにより、前記の課題を解決したものである。

Я

作

第1 発明では、外袋を無発生調理機に入れ、液体 収納 役内の液体が沸騰し、液体 収納 役内の液体が沸騰がが 気圧 が が 数 気 圧 に な る と と が 数 気 圧 に よ よ っ て 、 が 袋 内 の の 悪 気 圧 に よ よ っ て 、 か 袋 内 の の 悪 る に に し て 、 か 袋 内 の の 悪 る に に し て 、 か る る 抜 な 日 に し て 、 か る み な に た と の か か 変 気 圧 に し て 、 か る み な に な と の か か 変 気 圧 を 透 が す こ と が で き 、 数 な 圧 を 透 が す こ と が の み 度 に な か ら 蒸 気 圧 を 透 が す こ と が の み 度 の 野 張 な は 助 止 さ れ る 。

第2発明では、外袋を無発生調理機に入れ、無

水収納级12も外後11と可様の合成樹脂素材を同様に2枚重ねて周囲を無シールを施し接着して銀状に作られており、水Wを収納している。下面30には無偽抜き孔31が形成されており、内面に補強用シール34が貼りつけてある。孔31は外面に水収納袋12内の水蒸気圧を集中させるための糸32(或いは繊維素材からなるネット)が模切るようにして、シール33とともに貼り付

けられている。

水収納役12は無過抜き孔31を下側にして食品収納役13の上に重ねて外役11に収納されている。

飲食品収納後13は、紅茶、日本茶、島酸茶等の幣好品Aを収納しており、耐熱、耐寒性に優れた2枚の合成樹脂素材からなる期毛ネットや程度はは、 歳物の布を重ね、周囲を幅5mm乃至10mm 程度では、 接着して作られ、建過袋の役目もしている。ここでは と一の焼き豆を収納する場合は、第7回にかか 食品収納後14のように、焼き豆は上でかめ 食品収納後14のように、焼き豆は上でかめる は、煮りによって快まれているか、或いは下側のみ に建過紙を具えている(図示省略)。

飲食品収納袋13。14の下面には、紅茶、或いは、コーヒーになった無満の通過を迅速且つ円 でに行なう目的と、飲食品収納袋内の圧力調整機能を円滑に行なうために、1本または数本もしく はクロスする形で約0.5 ■程度の合成樹脂素材機能糸或いはネット41が具えられている。

飲食品収納袋13は外袋11の下面22内側に

パッキンシール28の四凸界力差により水収納袋12との間に若干の隙間を生じ、外袋11内の水流気が蒸気圧抜き孔21から外袋11内部圧力を一定圧力に調整しながら噴出し、外袋11の爆発が防止されるとともに、外袋11内部圧力により強制的に渦抜き効果を促進させる役目を果たしている。

この食品パック50は、外数51、液体収納级 52、飲食品Pで構成されている。

外後51は、前記外後11と同様に、耐無、耐 水性に優れた2枚の合成側脂素材を重ね、周囲を 無シールを施して接着し後状に作らている。外後 51の上面60と下面62の間には水、スープ、 出汁(だしじる、いわゆる「だし」。)等の液体 を通過させやすい合成樹脂素材からなる構毛っ ト又は不離布等の仕切りシート68が具えられて いる。外後51の上面60には蒸気圧抜き孔61 **熱シールを施して貼り付けられている。** 

尚、コーヒー1杯分の平均的標準量は換き豆7 g乃至10gに対し水200g乃至220gである。

次に動作を説明する。

が形成されている。外後51は孔61が蒸気圧によって受けないように孔61と同様の孔64を有する補強用シール66が外側に、水蒸気圧排出調整パッキンシール69が内側に貼りつけてある。水蒸気圧排出調整パッキンシール69は水に強く通気性の優れた厚み2mの至5m程度の発砲ポリエステル、植毛ウレタンフォーム等からなる。

被体収納袋52も前記外袋11と同様の合成樹脂素材を2枚重ねにして周囲に無シールを施して接着して袋状に作られ、出計Sを収納している。下面70には液体抜き孔71が形成されており、孔71には、図示しないが前記水収納袋12と同様に、外面に液体収納袋72内の水蒸気圧を集中させるための糸(或いは繊維素材からなるネット)が模切るようにして、シール73と一緒に貼り付けられている。

被体収納袋5.2 は孔7.1 を下側にして仕切りシート6.8 と外袋5.1 の上面6.0 との間に具えられている

飲食品下が魚であるときは、鱗及び内蔵等を処

理して、且つ、種類によって丸ごと、或いは、食 べやすい大きさに一次処理した生又は冷凍状態に なっており、味付け調理をすれば直ちに食べられ る状態になっている。

次に動作を説明する。

出計約100g、飲食品下が魚約200gの場合について説明する。

逆に、被体(水)収納後を下側に、 食品を上側に配置しておくと、上側の食品を下側から発生する 選気によって残すという 駕理方法が可能と なる。 その際、液体収納役は、 蒸気抜き孔を具えた外側 の耐無性袋に収納しておくとよい。 この場合、水 に活類を混ぜておくと、 さらに優れた味付けをす ることができることはいうまでもない。

また、液体収納袋内の液体が一定の蒸気圧のもとで外に流出するようにするには、必ずしも図示したようなシールによらず、袋自体が破裂するようにしてもよい。

なお、液体収納袋を調味類別にパックしておいて、水をベースとしたスープ類を自動的に外袋5 1内で作ることも可能である。

発明の効果

以上に説明した、本発明の飲食品調理パックによると、 電子レンジのような無発生調理機を使用した、全く新しい、 簡便で、 且つ、 優れた味付けのできる飲食品の調理方法を提供することができ、 その件及に多大な貢献をすることができる。 出計が噴出してから約1分45秒経過すると、 味付けが終了する。その後、外換51を開封して 魚を取出す。

なお、以上の説明では、煮魚に出汁を沁み込ませて調理する説明をしたが、これまでの説明とは

又、冷凍食品業界において、元米一次、二次調 県 素材として扱われ、保存食品として扱われなか った素材に、全く手を加えること無く、インスタ ント風的取り扱いによって簡単に調理ができるよ うになるので、冷凍食品の有効利用ができ、料理 コストを下げることができる。

更に、無発生調理機内に入れて無を加えるだけでコーヒー、お茶等の時好品が飲める状態となり、 或いは、種々の食品に従来なかった優れた味付け を行なうことができるという顕著な効果を奏する ことができる。

4. 図面の簡単な説明

第1回は本発明の飲食品調理パックの概略断近因、第2回は外袋の断面図、第3回は被体の熱路は被体の熱力の 収納袋の断面図、第4回は液体収納袋の熱路なき 孔付近の詳細図、第5回は第4回中5-5矢規断 面図、第6回は飲食品収納袋の断面図、第7回は 第6回と異なる形態の飲食品収納袋の新面図、第 8回、第9回は動作説明図、第10回は他の実施 例の食品調理パックの概略断面図、第11回は外

# 特開平3-136614(5)

袋の断面図、第12図、第13回は動作説明図で

10,50…飲食品パック

11,51…外级 12…被体収勒袋

13… 飲食品収納袋

20,60…上面

21,61… 蒸気圧抜き孔 22,62…下面

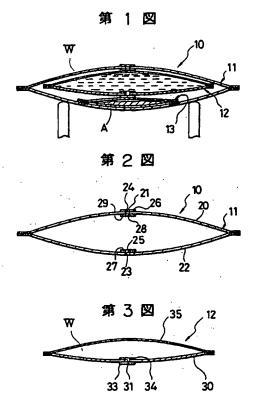
23… 燕獨抜き孔

31…無為抜き孔

33,73…シール

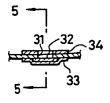
5 2 … 液体収納袋

W ··· ★



第 4 図

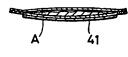
第 5 図



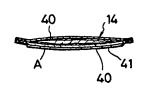




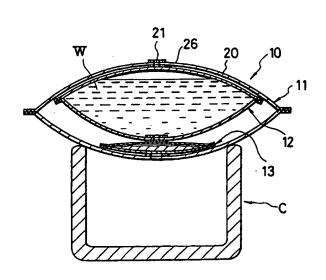




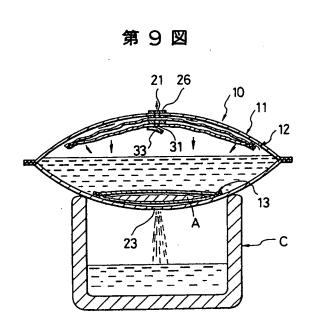
第7図

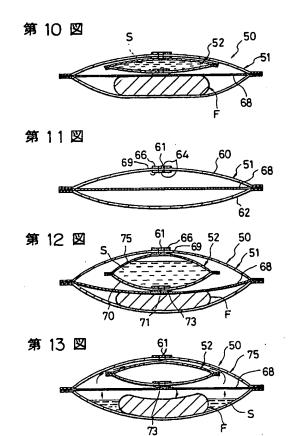


第8四



# 特問平3-136614(6)





PTO 01-4274

FOOD/DRINK COOKING PACK THAT UTILIZES HEAT-GENERATING COOKING

APPARATUSES

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE Washington, D. C. September 2001

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APPLICANTS	(71):	OOYAMA, YOSHIO; MORI, FUSAKO; TAKAHARA, KOKI
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FOREIGN TITLE	[54A]:	Netsu Hassei Choriki wo Riyosita In'shokuhin' Chori Pakku

### 1. Title

Food/Drink Cooking Pack That Utilizes Heat-Generating Cooking Apparatuses

#### 2. Claims

(1) A food/drink cooking pack that has a heat-resistant outer bag that has a steam-pressure-releasing vent at the top surface and a hot-water-draining opening at the bottom surface,

a heat-resistant food/drink container bag that is placed inside the aforesaid outer bag with food/drink inside the container bag and that allows hot water to pass through it, and

a heat-resistant liquid container bag that contains a liquid and that is placed on top of the aforesaid food/drink container bag inside the aforesaid outer bag,

said pack being characterized by the fact that, when the aforesaid outer bag is heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the hot water flows out over the food/drink container bag.

(2) A food/drink cooking pack that has a heat-resistant outer bag that contains food and that has a steam-pressure-releasing vent at the top surface and

<sup>\*</sup>Number in the margin indicates pagination in the foreign text.

a heat-resistant liquid container bag that contains a liquid and that is placed inside the aforesaid outer bag,

said pack being characterized by the fact that, when the aforesaid outer bag is heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the liquid flows out of the liquid container bag.

# 3. Detailed Description of the Invention

# [Industrial Field of Application]

The present invention pertains to a food/drink pack that is used for packaging various kinds of drinks, table luxuries, food, etc., (hereinafter simply referred to as "food/drink"), such as coffee, tea, cooked food, steamed food, etc., so as to preserve them without losing their fragrance, taste, freshness, etc., and that can bring the food/drink into an edible/drinkable state easily, using a heat-generating cooking apparatus, such as a microwave oven.

# [Prior Art and Its Problems]

Various kinds of frozen food, processed food, microwavable food, etc., which are readily available and can be prepared easily to be eaten or drunk, have been utilized to save trouble of cooking.

Frozen food, however, takes time to defrost, and the food loses its flavor.

/122

Because processed food is already seasoned, the taste deteriorates after a long period of time, and it requires costly packaging.

Many microwavable foods can be eaten simply by heating, but their varieties are limited, and they are usually seasoned in simple and limited ways.

Drinks, such as tea and coffee, that require heating, take time to prepare in general, and there is no drink that could be brought to a drinkable state simply by heating.

[Means of Solving the Problems]

The present invention solves the aforesaid problems by providing a first invention, that is, a food/drink cooking pack that has a heat-resistant outer bag that has a steam-pressure-releasing vent at the top surface and a hot-water-draining opening at the bottom surface, a heat-resistant food/drink container bag that is placed inside the aforesaid outer bag with food/drink inside the container bag and that allows hot water to pass through it, and a heat-resistant liquid container bag that contains a liquid and that is placed on top of the aforesaid food/drink container bag inside the aforesaid outer bag, said pack being characterized by the fact that, when the aforesaid outer bag is heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the hot water flows out over the food/drink container bag, and a second invention, that is, a food/drink cooking pack

that has a heat-resistant outer bag that contains food and that has a steam-pressure-releasing vent at the top surface and a heat-resistant liquid container bag that contains a liquid and that is placed inside the aforesaid outer bag, said pack being characterized by the fact that, when the aforesaid outer bag is heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the liquid flows out of the liquid container bag.

# [Operation]

With the first invention, when the outer bag is placed inside a heat-generating cooking apparatus and heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the liquid container bag expands. When the steam pressure inside the liquid container bag reaches a given pressure, the hot water inside the liquid container bag flows out into the outer bag, thus creating steam pressure inside the outer bag. The liquid container bag, which has become empty, is pressed upward against the inner side of the top surface of the outer bag by the steam pressure inside the outer bag. Then the hot water passes through the food container bag and flows outside as coffee, tea, etc., through the hotwater-draining opening of the outer bag. After the inside of the outer bag reaches the steam pressure, the steam pressure can be released from the steam-pressure-releasing vent so as to prevent the excessive expansion or explosion of the outer bag.

with the second invention, when the outer bag is placed inside a heat-generating cooking apparatus and heated, the liquid inside the liquid container bag boils, and the liquid container bag expands. When the steam pressure inside the liquid container bag reaches a given pressure, the hot water inside the liquid container bag flows out, thus creating steam pressure inside the outer bag. The liquid container bag, which has become empty, is pressed upward against the inside top surface of the outer bag by the steam pressure inside the outer bag. As a result, food placed separately inside the outer bag is cooked or steamed. The steam pressure escapes through the steam-pressure-releasing vent so as to prevent the excessive expansion or explosion of the outer bag.

## [Embodiments]

The following explains embodiments of the present invention, referring to the drawings.

The food/drink pack (10) is composed of an outer bag (11), a water container bag (12), and a food/drink container bag (13).

The outer bag (11) is constructed by laying, one on top of the other, two sheets of a synthetic resin material with excellent heat and cold resistances that can endure use in temperatures ranging from a high temperature of approximately 120° C to a low temperature of approximately -40° C and by heat-sealing the edges of the sheets to form a bag. If the bag will

not be exposed to cold temperatures, the sheets do not need to have cold resistance. A steam-pressure-releasing vent (21) is formed on the top surface (20) of the outer bag (11), while a hot-water-draining opening (23) is formed on the bottom surface (22). Since the inside of the outer bag (11) becomes highly pressurized, as will be discussed later, reinforcement seals (26, 27) that have openings (24, 25) having the same diameters as those of the vent and opening (21, 23) are attached to the external side of the top surface (20) and the internal side of the bottom surface (22) so as to prevent the tearing of the vent and opening (21, 23). Attached to the inside of the top surface (20) is a steam-pressure-discharge-regulating packing seal (29) that has an opening (28) of the same diameter as that of the vent The steam-pressure-discharge-regulating packing seal (29) is comprised of 2 mm to 5 mm-thick polyester foam, flocked urethane foam, etc. that is strong against water and has excellent gas permeability and elasticity.

Similarly, the water container bag (12) is constructed by laying together two sheets of the same synthetic resin material as the one used for the outer bag (11) and by adhering the edges by heat sealing, and it contains water (W). The bottom surface (30) has a hot-water-draining opening (31) formed on it, and a reinforcement seal (34) is attached to the inside of the opening. Attached together with a seal (33) on the external side of the

opening (31) is a string (32) (or a net made from a fiber material), which is run across the opening, for gathering the steam pressure inside the water container bag (12).

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The water container bag (12) is placed on top of the food container bag (13), with its hot-water-draining opening (31) positioned at the bottom, and stored inside the outer bag (11).

The food/drink container bag (13) contains a table luxury (A), such as tea, Japanese tea, oolong tea, etc., and it is constructed by laying two sheets of thin-yarn net or unwoven cloth made of a synthetic resin material and by adhering them approximately 5 mm to 10 mm in width along the edges. The container bag also serves as a filter bag. In the case of storing ground coffee beans, the ground coffee beans may be sandwiched by the filter paper (40) from the top and bottom, like the food/drink container bag (14) shown in Figure 7, or they may have filter paper only at the bottom side (not shown).

provided at the bottom surface of the food/drink container bag (13 or 14) are one to several strings or a net (41) comprised of approximately 0.5 mm-synthetic resin fibers in order to pass hot water, which has become tea or coffee, quickly and smoothly and also to facilitate the regulation of the pressure inside the food/drink container bag.

The food/drink container bag (13) is attached to the internal side of the bottom surface (22) of the outer bag (11) by

heat sealing.

One cup of coffee requires an average 7 g to 10 g of ground coffee beans for 200 g to 220 g of water.

The following explains the operation.

With the hot-water-draining opening (23) positioned at the bottom, the food/drink pack (10) is placed on top of a container (C), and the pack together with the container are placed inside a microwave oven and heated. After a passage of a given time, the water inside the water container bag (12) boils, and the bag (12) expands due to the steam-pressure, and the top surface (35) makes intimate contact with the internal side of the top surface (20) of the outer bag (11), thereby closing the steam-pressurereleasing vent (21). When the water container bag (12) continues to expand and a given steam pressure is attained, the application of the steam pressure centers on the string or net (32); consequently, the seal (33) comes off, and the hot boiling water runs out of the hot-water-draining opening (31). Then the inside of the outer bag (11) becomes pressurized by the steam, and the hot water passes through only the food/drink container bag (13), thus turning into tea, green tea, etc., and flows out of the hotwater-draining opening (23) of the outer bag (11) into Container (C). Meanwhile, the water container bag (12), which has become empty, shrinks and is pushed up against the inside of the top surface (20) of the outer bag (11). Owing to the difference in

the elasticity of the convex and concave sides of the steampressure-discharge regulating packing seal (28 [sic]), a small
gap is created between the water container bag (12) and the
inside of the top surface, and the steam inside the outer bag
(11) is released from the steam-pressure-releasing vent (21),
keeping the inside pressure of the outer bag (11) at a constant
pressure, thereby preventing the outer bag (11) from exploding
and also promoting the hot-water-draining effect by the pressure
inside the outer bag (11).

Another embodiment shown in Figs. 10 to 13 is a food pack (50) that can prepare cooked food, such as cooked fish or Oden [Translator's note: a Japanese hotchpotch dish.]

This food pack (50) is constructed of an outer bag (51), a liquid container bag (52), and a food/drink item (F).

Like the outer bag (11) discussed before, this outer bag (51) is also constructed by laying, one on top of the other, two sheets of a synthetic resin material with excellent heat and cold resistances and by heat-sealing the edges of the sheets to form a bag. Between the top surface (60) and bottom surface (62) of the outer bag (51) is provided a partition sheet (68), such as a fine-yarn net, unwoven cloth, etc., that is comprised of a synthetic resin material and that readily passes liquids, such as water, soup, and broth. A steam-pressure-releasing vent (61) is formed on the top surface (60) of the outer bag (51). The outer

bag (51) has a reinforcement seal (66) that has an opening (64) having the same diameter as that of the vent (61) attached to the external side so as to prevent the tearing of the vent (61) and a steam-pressure-discharge-regulating packing seal (69) attached to the internal side. The steam-pressure-discharge-regulating packing seal (69) is comprised of 2 mm to 5 mm-thick polyester-foam, flocked urethane foam, etc. that is strong against water and has excellent gas permeability.

Similarly, the liquid container bag (52) is constructed by laying together two sheets of the same synthetic resin material as the one used for the aforesaid outer bag (11) and by adhering the edges by heat sealing, and it contains broth (S). The bottom surface (70) has a liquid-draining opening (71) formed on it. Although not shown in the figures, the opening (71) has a string, which is run across the opening, (or a net made from a fiber material) attached together with a seal (73) on the external side of the opening for gathering the steam pressure inside the liquid container bag (72), as is the case with the aforesaid water container bag (12).

The liquid container bag (52) is placed between the partition sheet (68) and the top surface (60) of the outer bag (51), with its opening (71) positioned at the bottom.

When the food/drink item is fish, it is raw or frozen fish that has been cleaned of [illegible], intestines, etc., and cut

in a size that is easy to eat or left as a whole depending on the /124 kind of fish. It is in a state that, once cooked and seasoned, it is ready to be eaten.

The following explains the operation.

The following discusses the case in which are used approximately 100 g of broth and approximately 200 g of fish as the food/drink item (F).

Placing the food/drink item (F) at the bottom side, the pack is placed inside a microwave oven and heated. Approximately 2 minutes and 20 seconds after it is placed in the microwave oven, food F (fish), if frozen, is defrosted, and the broth inside the liquid container bag (52) starts to boil. Approximately 25 seconds after that, the liquid container bag (52) starts to expand by the steam pressure, and the top surface (75) makes intimate contact with the inner side of the top surface (60) of the outer bag (11 [sic]), thus closing the steam-pressurereleasing vent (51 [sic]). When the liquid container bag (52) further expands and reaches a given steam pressure, the steam pressure is applied to the string (not shown) adhered to the liquid-draining opening (71) in a concentrated manner, thus pealing off the seal (73) and allowing the boiled broth to spurt out of the liquid-draining opening (71). Then, the inside of the outer bag (51) becomes pressurized by the steam, and the broth passes through the partition sheet (68) while it is filtered and

collects inside the bottom surface of the outer bag (51), thus immersing the food/drink item (F) in the broth. Meanwhile, the liquid container bag (52), which has become empty, shrinks and is pushed up against the inside of the top surface of the outer bag (51). Owing to the difference in the elasticity of the convex and concave sides of the steam-pressure-discharge regulating packing seal (69), a small gap is created between the liquid container bag (52) and the inside of the top surface, and the steam inside the outer bag (51) is released from the steampressure-releasing vent (61) in a regulated manner so as not to drop the inside pressure of the outer bag (51), thereby preventing the outer bag (51) from exploding and also maximizing the steaming effect of the inside of the outer bag (51). The partition sheet serves to set the temperature of the inside bottom (approximately 105 to 120°C) of the outer bag (51) slightly higher than the temperature of the top (approximately 95 to 100°C), and the pressure and convection of the steam create a steaming effect; thus the broth permeates into the fish nicely and seasons the fish without causing the fish meat to crumble or to lose its shape.

Approximately 1 minute and 45 seconds after the broth spurts out, the seasoning is completed. Subsequently, the outer bag (51) is opened, and the fish is taken out.

In the above explanation, the case of cooking fish by permeating a broth into it was explained, but, opposite to the aforesaid explanation, the liquid (water) container bag may be placed at the bottom, and the food at the top, thereby making it possible to steam the food at the top side with the steam generated from the bottom side. In this case, the liquid container bag should be stored in a heat-resistant outer bag that has a steam-pressure-releasing vent. Here, if liquor is mixed in water, food can be seasoned with a better flavor.

If it is desired for the liquid inside the liquid container bag to flow out at a given steam pressure, the pack may be constructed in such a manner that the bag itself explodes, instead of using the seal shown in the figures.

It is also possible to automatically prepare various soups that have water as the base by packing liquid container bags with various kinds of seasonings.

## [Effects of the Invention]

With the present invention's food/drink cooking packs explained in the foregoing, using a heat-generating apparatus, such as a microwave oven, novel and convenient methods of cooking food/drink that can give excellent flavor are provided, and this invention contributes greatly to a widespread use of this type of food.

Furthermore, the present invention makes it possible to cook materials that have been treated as primary or secondary cooking materials in the frozen food industry easily without further processing by handling them like instant food; thus, frozen food can be put to effective use, and the cooking cost can be reduced.

Moreover, the present invention makes it possible to prepare table luxuries, such as coffee, tea, etc., by a simple process of placing and heating them inside a heat-generating cooking apparatus and also makes it possible to season various foods with flavors that have not been available.

# 4. Brief Explanation of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a cross-sectional drawing of a food/drink cooking pack of the present invention. Figure 2 is a cross-sectional drawing of the outer bag. Figure 3 is a cross-sectional drawing of the liquid (water) container bag. Figure 4 is a detailed drawing of the area around the hot-water-drawing opening of the liquid container bag. Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view of the section indicated by arrows 5-5. Figure 6 is a cross-sectional drawing of the food/drink container bag. Figure 7 is a cross-sectional drawing of another food/drink container bag that has a shape different from the one shown in Fig. 6. Figures 8 and 9 are explanatory drawings of the operation. Figure 10 is a cross-sectional view of another embodiment food/drink cooking pack. Figure 11 is a cross-

sectional drawing of the outer bag. Figures 12 and 13 are /125 explanatory drawings of the operation.

- 10, 50 drink/food pack
- 11, 51 outer bag
- 12 liquid container bag
- 13 food/drink container bag
- 20, 60 top surface
- 21, 61 steam-pressure-releasing vent
- 22, 62 bottom surface
- 23 hot-water-draining opening
- 31 hot-water-draining opening
- 33, 73 seal
- 52 liquid container bag
- 71 liquid-draining opening
- W water
- F food

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-125-